

Geography Learning Progression at Northstead CP School

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EYFS	 People, Culture and Communities Describe their immediate environment using knowledge fiction texts and maps. Explain some similarities and differences between life drawing on knowledge from stories, non-fiction texts at the Natural World Know some similarities and differences between the new environments, drawing on their experiences and what Name and locate Northstead school and that it's in Scate Compare warm and cold regions across the world Explore features within the school setting and the locate Introduce the world map Represent green for land and blue for water Seasonal walks and walks within the school environment 	in this country and life in other countries, and maps atural world around them and contrasting has been read in class arborough
	Our Local Area – Scarborough and the UK	Key Vocabulary
Year 1	 recognise human & physical features in the context of children's own locality. understand basic geographical features: houses (human features). understand different types of housing in the local area recognise different mapping symbols found in the local area use simple fieldwork & observational skills to study the surrounding environment in the context of children's own locality Use compass directions (N, E, S, W), locational and directional language plot Scarborough on a map name some of Scarborough's landmarks and understand where they are situated name and locate the four capital cities of the UK and their capital cities 	address, buildings, grounds, postcode, school, boundary, aerial, bungalow, detached, flat, semidetached, map, plan, local, locality, neighbourhood, building, path, road, shop, street, local, direction, community, Town, coast, landmark, beach, cliff, coast, sea, town, harbour,
	The British Isles and Borneo	
Year 2	 identify the main features of a village, town and city and talk about them locate York on a map and describe its human and physical features use words to describe the location of somewhere and how to get there describe similarities and differences between York and where I live. 	Settlement, city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office, port, harbour and shop, cathedral, leisure facilities, City, Ouse, North, South, East, West, direction, location, position, route, population, distance, human and physical geography, London, capital, monarch, government, Thames, United Kingdom, culture, traditional, Continent, ocean, contrast, rainforest, climate, endangered, extinct, tropical, deforestation, conservation, Compare

locate London on a map and describe its human and

physical features

deforestation, conservation, Compare,

similar/similarities, difference,

- compare London to York and Scarborough, saying what is similar and what is different
- name and locate the capital cities of the UK
- talk about the characteristics of each of the four countries of the UK
- name and locate the continents and oceans of the world
- locate Borneo on a world map and describe it using geographical words, including wildlife
- use the knowledge I have learnt to compare the United Kingdom and Borneo

Year 3

The British Isles and Europe (Focus on France)

- name and locate a range of major cities in the UK and some of their landmarks
- explain what a county is and give some examples
- locate North Yorkshire on a map and identify its key human and physical features
- name and locate European countries using atlases and maps
- talk about the climate of Europe, noting similarities and differences
- locate France on a map and describe some of its human and physical characteristics
- identify and name famous landmarks from France
- make comparisons between North Yorkshire and Normandy

City, region, county, landmark, natural resource, Moorland, agriculture, national park, upland, heather, boundaries, hill, dale, landscape, Continent, Europe, landlock, climate, equator, border, tourism, population, France, Seine, Rhone, Loire, region, agriculture, vineyard, chateau, Pyrenees, Alps, rugged, plain, landmark, historical, significant, monument, commemorate, Comparison, similarity, difference, coastal, cliffs, tourism, human and physical geography, Normandy, region

Year 4

Rivers and Mountains

- understand the properties and sources of water and give examples
- know the water cycle and describe how it works using key vocabulary
- explain how rivers are formed and their journey from source to sea
- name the different parts of a river
- read a map and identify rivers using the key
- locate key rivers using indexes and other search options
- give reasons why humans choose to build settlements near rivers
- identify the difference between a hill and a mountain
- explain how mountains are formed
- identify famous mountains from around the world and give some information about them

• South America and The Amazon

- locate South America on a map and identify key countries and characteristics
- identify key landmarks and other characteristics of South America and present information about them

Salt water, fresh water, surface water, ground water, hydrogen, oxygen, atoms, molecules, states of matter (solid, liquid, gas), vapour, Water cycle, precipitation, evaporation, condensation, transpiration, River, stream, lake, sea, ocean, reservoir, source, meander, spring, mouth, estuary, sediment, erosion, tributary, Ordnance survey map, locality, trade, natural resources, physical geography, human geography, mountain, hill, peak, tectonic plates, fold, block, face, foot, outcrop, plateau, ridge, slope, summit, snow and tree lines

South America, continent, landmark, Christ the Redeemer, Machu Picchu, Inca, tropical, equator, climate, natural resources, Biome- aquatic, desert, tundra, rainforest, forest, grassland Canopy, emergent, understory, floor, Deforestation, climate change, pollution, extinction

explain what a biome is and give examples of the different types describe the geography of the Amazon River and rainforest and give examples of things that live there show an understanding of the threat to the world's rainforests and talk about the importance of conservation Year 5 Natural Disasters understand longitude and latitude on maps and can Globe, latitude, longitude, equator, Northern/Southern hemisphere, parallel, climate, talk about their purpose region, degrees, Arctic/Antarctic circle, apply what I know about map features to locate places perpendicular, Tropic of Cancer/Capricorn, know the physical characteristics of Earth on and below Greenwich Mean Time (GMT), Meridian, the surface North/South Pole, Pangea, continental drift, plate understand how the continents have changed over tectonic, core, mantle, crust, lithosphere, asthenosphere, convergent/divergent/transform boundary, Tectonic plates, natural event, tornado, name and talk about the different tectonic plates drought, flood, tsunami, earthquake, tropical give a definition of what a natural disaster is using storm, seismic, seismograph, Richter scale, geographical language seismologist, intensity, magnitude, Mercalli scale, name some examples of natural disasters and give brief Volcano, crater, cinder cone, composite, stratovolcano, shield, erupt, lava, magma, information about them reservoir, vent, conduit, ash cloud, dormant, know how the movement of tectonic plates causes active, extinct, Pyroclastic current earthquakes and can name some of the types of tectonic movement understand how a seismograph works and can create a simple version understand how the Richter scale is used to measure earthquakes name the three main types of volcanoes name the different parts of a volcano and state what they do identify the Ring of Fire and locate it on a map and explain why it is geographically significant

Year 6 North America

world and identify key features

 identify meridian lines and time zones on a map of the world and explain how they work

name a range of different volcanoes from across the

explain what happened to Pompeii, including dates, timelines and the impact of the event on the world

- give examples of different time zones in a range of countries
- locate North America on a world map and list countries that make up the continent
- describe some physical and human features of North America
- explain what a landmark is and determine if one is human or physical geography
- name landmarks from North America and can talk about a focused landmark in detail, focusing on geographical information

Axis, equator, poles, hemispheres, latitude, longitude, tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, GMT (Greenwich Mean Time), international date line, time zone, Human geography, physical geography, continent, climate, region, Landmark, human, physical, unique, tourism, significant, conservation, peninsula, bay, urban, rural, State, independence, star spangled banner, stars and stripes, civil war, colony, land mass, compass points, culture, NFL (National Football League), capacity, District, Brooklyn, Queens, the Bronx, Manhattan, Greenwich Village, Staten Island Hudson River, Developing country, developed country, comparative, western hemisphere, natural disasters,

- name and locate the states in the USA
 use maps and atlases to identify states and major cities
 use geographical vocabulary to describe the human and physical features of New York City
- understand the difference between a developing and developed country and give examples
- compare similarities and differences between Haiti and the UK