

Northstead Seek to Learn Community Primary School

RE Learning Progression at Northstead CP School

	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
EYFS	Unit 1 Why is the word God so important to Christians? (Creation)	Unit 2 Why do Christians perform Nativity plays at Christmas? (Why is Christmas special for Christians?) (Incarnation) F4	Unit 3 Being special: where do we belong? (Thematic) F5	Unit 4 Why do Christians put a cross on their Easter garden? (Why is Easter special to Christians?) (Salvation) F4	Unit 5 Which places are special and why? (Thematic) F3	Unit 6 Which stories are special and why? (Thematic) F1
	Pupils find out about the Christian belief that God created the heavens and the earth. Pupils learn the key events from the creation story found in Genesis 1.	Children learn the key events from the Christian Christmas story.	Children will focus on Christianity, Hindu Dharma and Islam. Children will reflect upon the things that are special to them and why they value these things	Pupils find out about the key events from Palm Sunday until Easter Day in the Christian Salvation story.	Pupils will focus on special places for Muslims and Christians. Pupils will also reflect upon places that are special in their own lives.	Pupils will encounter stories from different religious worldviews, and find out about why these might be special to a believer.
Year 1	Unit 7 Who do Christians say made the world? (Creation) 1.6 and 1.8	Unit 8 Why does Christmas matter to Christians? (Incarnation) 1.1 and 1.6	Unit 9 Who is Jewish and how do they live? (Judaism) 1.3	Unit 10 What do Christians believe God is like? (God) 1.1, 1.4, 1.7	Unit 11 What does it mean to belong to a faith community? (Thematic) 1.7 and 1.4	Unit 12 How should we care for the world and for others, and why does it matter? (Thematic) 1.6 and 1.8
	pupils will learn about the Christian creation story. They will learn about the key events within the story and be able to retell it using key vocabulary. They will begin to understand that some Christians believe different things about creation. Pupils will begin to compare texts	pupils will start to think about the terms secular and religious. Drawing from their knowledge from Foundation Stage, they will talk about the key events from the Christmas story in more detail. Pupils will find out about how Christmas is celebrated today and begin to consider which	pupils will learn about Jewish worldviews and ways of life. They will learn about texts from the Torah and their importance for Jewish people today. They will find out about the mezuzah and the Shema prayer and what they mean for believers. Later in the unit, pupils will	pupils find out what parables are, and that Christians believe these stories were told by Jesus to teach his followers about God. They learn about the parable of the Lost Son and what this story teaches many Christians about God, including God being loving and	the pupils will focus on what it means to belong to a faith community. They will revisit knowledge from prior units about Muslims, Christians, and Jewish people, considering how members of these	pupils will encounter stories and texts that say something about different people being unique and valuable, making links to Christian and Jewish worldviews and the belief that God loves all people. Pupils will revise their knowledge of Genesis 1

	found within the creation story and start to think about how Christians might try to be stewards of the world. Pupils will also consider how Christians may act in response to creation and why they may choose to praise God for it.	traditions are secular and which are religious. They will focus on religious artwork, saying how and why it helps Christians today to celebrate the key events from the story.	find out about Shabbat and Chanukah, discussing why Jewish people mark these times, what they learn from stories found in the Torah and why they are important today.	forgiving. Pupils think carefully about what it means for Christians to ask for forgiveness from God and the promise that people will be welcomed back into God's family. They also learn the story of Jonah and the Big Fish and find out about how many Christians put their beliefs into practice through worship.	communities show that they belong. Throughout the unit, pupils will encounter artefacts, places of worship and symbols. Pupils will also consider where they belong and the communities to which they are a part of.	and what this account of creation tells Christians and Jews about caring for the world. Later in the unit, pupils will think carefully about different ways that Christians and Jews care for people of the world, including giving to charities, and how this action links to teachings found within the Bible and the Torah. Pupils will also take time to consider why people who are religious and non-religious should care for others and look after the natural world.
Year 2	Unit 13 What is the good news Christians believe Jesus brings? (Gospel) 1.1, 1.5 1.8, 2.3, 2.4 and 2.7	Unit 14 What is the good news Christians believe Jesus brings? (Gospel)	Unit 15 Who is a Muslim and how do they live? (Part 1) (Islam) 1.2	Unit 16 Why does Easter matter to Christians? (Salvation) 1.1, 1.5, 1.6, 2.2, 2.3, 2.5	Unit 17 Who is a Muslim and how do they live? (Part 2) (Islam) 1.2, 1.4, 1.6, 1.8, 2.1, 2.4, 2.5	Unit 18 What makes some places special to believers? (Thematic) 1.5
	pupils will learn about the concept of 'Gospel' and the good news of forgiveness, peace and love that Christians believe Jesus brings. Pupils will learn about Matthew the Tax Collector and how Christians believe that Jesus offers forgiveness, looking at their heart rather than what they have done in the past.	pupils will learn about the concept of 'Gospel' and the good news of forgiveness, peace and love that Christians believe Jesus brings. Pupils will learn about Matthew the Tax Collector and how Christians believe that Jesus offers forgiveness, looking at their heart rather than what they have done in the past.	pupils will find out about Islam, key beliefs and ways of living for Muslims. Pupils will learn about some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and learn about the 99 names of Allah. Pupils will encounter stories about the Prophet and find out about what these teach Muslims today about	pupils will recognize that the concepts of God, Incarnation, Gospel, and Salvation are all part of the big story of the Bible. They will find out about the key events of Holy Week and Easter, making links with the Christian belief of salvation. Pupils will learn about how Christians show their beliefs about Jesus being	pupils will find out about Islam, key beliefs and ways of living for Muslims. Pupils will learn about some of the key Muslim beliefs about God found in the Shahadah and learn about the 99 names of Allah. Pupils will encounter stories about the Prophet and find out about what these teach Muslims today about	pupils will find out about various places of worship and why they are important to many believers. They will focus on the key features of churches, mosques and synagogues learning about how these can vary within different traditions. Pupils will also spend time considering the similarities that all places

	Pupils will learn about the instructions that Jesus gives in the Bible and how Christians follow his example and these instructions in order to behave in a Christ like way. Pupils will take time to consider whether Jesus' good news is only good news for Christians or whether there are things for people from different worldviews to consider. This unit is made up of two parts and learning covering the above content will continue in part two.	Pupils will learn about the instructions that Jesus gives in the Bible and how Christians follow his example and these instructions in order to behave in a Christ like way. Pupils will take time to consider whether Jesus' good news is only good news for Christians or whether there are things for people from different worldviews to consider	ways of living. Pupils will learn about the five pillars of Islam and how these impact upon the lives of believers. They will learn about the importance of prayer and what it means for Muslims all over the world.	their savior within celebrations and worship in church at Easter.	ways of living. Pupils will learn about the five pillars of Islam and how these impact upon the lives of believers. They will learn about the importance of prayer and what it means for Muslims all over the world.	of worship have and how they support their local communities in practical ways.
Year 3	Unit 19 What is it like for someone to follow	Unit 20 What is the Trinity and why is it	Unit 21 How do festivals and worship	Unit 22 How do festivals and family life	Unit 23 What do Christians learn from	Unit 24 How and why do people try to make
	God? (People of God) 1.4, 1.7, 2.1	important for Christians?	show what matters to a Muslim? (Islam) 2.4,	show what matters to Jewish people?	the creation story? (Creation/Fall) 1.8	the world a better place? L2.9
		(Incarnation/God) 2.1, 2.6	2.5,	(Judaism) 2.1, 2.5	L2.2, U2.1	
	Pupils will learn about the Old Testament people of God and how they lived their lives. They will learn the story of Noah, considering what it was like for him to follow God. They will learn about the covenant that Christians believe Noah made with God, making links to the promises that Christians make at a wedding ceremony. Pupils will spend time looking at several texts that share stories from the Old	In this unit, pupils will find out about the baptism of Jesus and where this is found in the Bible. They will study the text in detail and find out what it means for Christians today. They will investigate how Christians show their beliefs about God and the Trinity and how these impact their lives. Later in the unit, pupils will find out about infant and believer's baptism in the church and what this	Pupils will identify some beliefs about God in Islam, expressed in Surah 1. They will also make clear links between beliefs about God and ibadah (worship) and how this links to prayer, fasting, celebrating and the intention to live out the five pillars of Islam. They will have opportunities to ask questions and suggest answers about the value of submission and self-control to Muslims, and whether	pupils will build on their knowledge about Jewish worldviews and way of life. They will recap work on Shabbat and deepen it by considering how different Jews today mark it. They will understand that Jews are diverse – beginning to use the language of Orthodox and Progressive. They will explore Shabbat, Rosh Hashanah, Yom Kippur, and Pesach to build up their understanding of festivals and ideas of	This unit focuses on the stories of Creation and the Fall as two parts of the 'Big Story' of the Bible. Pupils familiarise themselves with the first Creation story from Genesis and key messages within it for many Christians about the world being good and how Christians are called to look after God's world. They move on to think about the story of Adam and Eve and how the Fall fits into the 'Big Story' of the Bible.	it, pupils will find out about how Jewish, Christian, Muslim, and non-religious people try to care for the world. They will consider what motivates people from these worldviews to care for the world, basing their knowledge on scripture and religious teachings. Pupils will consider why the world is not always good and make simple links to religious (e.g Christian, Jewish, Muslim) and non-religious (e.g

	Testament people of	means for Christians	there are benefits of	forgiveness,		Humanist) worldviews.
	God in detail. They will	today.	these for all people.	remembering, and		They will find out about
	consider the importance	today.	these for an people.	freedom.		the Jewish idea of Tikkun
	of returning to the			irecaoiii.		Olam and consider how
	original text for meaning					charities like Tzedek help
	rather than learning the					Jewish people to live out
	story from videos or					ideas and teachings,
	children's books. Later in					considering diversity of
	the unit, pupils will learn					views. Pupils will have
	about the story of					opportunities to raise
	Abram/Abraham and the					their own questions
	covenant that he made					about caring for the
	with God. They will					world and consider the
	consider why following					responsibility that
	God might sometimes					everyone must care for
	feel hard for believers.					the world.
Year 4	Unit 25 What kind of	Unit 26 For Christians,	Unit 27 What do	Unit 28 Why do	Unit 29 What does it	Unit 30 How and why
	world did Jesus want?	when Jesus left; what	Hindus believe God is	Christians call the day	mean to be a Hindu in	do people mark the
	(Gospel) L2.2, L2.3,	was the impact of	like? (Hindus) L2.1,	that Jesus died 'Good	Britain today?	significant events of
	L2.7	Pentecost? (Kingdom	L2.8, U2.8	Friday'?	(Hindus) L2.1, L2.4,	life? (Thematic) L2.6
		of God) L2.1, L2.3,	•	(Salvation) L2.2, L2.3,	L2.5, L2.8	, ,
		L2.4, L2.5, U2.1		L2.5		
	pupils will learn about	pupils will find out about	In this unit begins to	pupils will learn about	This unit develops and	pupils will learn about
	the concept of 'Gospel'*	the events of Pentecost	introduce Hindu Dharma	how the Christian	extends the learning	the beliefs of people
	which tells the story of	found in the Bible,	to pupils, building on	Salvation story fits into	from Unit L2.7 (Unit 27)	from different
	the life and teaching of	considering which	some encounters they	the big story of the Bible.	entitled How do Hindus	worldviews surrounding
	Jesus. They will learn	events would be needed	may have had in EYFS	They will find out about	describe the divine? In	commitment and
	about the calling of the	to retell the story for	and Key Stage One. In	the main events of holy	this unit, pupils build on	promises. They will
		someone else. They will		week and offer	their understanding of	discuss the meaning and
	first disciples and how	begin to consider what	this unit pupils act as	suggestions about how	Brahman and look at	importance of
	Christians today try to	the events found in Acts	philosophers considering	people at the time might	lived reality through	ceremonies of
	follow Jesus. Pupils will	2 might have meant for	how Hindus might see	have felt and responded	examining Puja at home,	commitment for
	find out about Jesus'	the first Christians and	the world. They look at	to these key events.	worship in the mandir,	religious and non-
	actions towards other	what they mean for	the concepts of Brahman	Pupils will study texts from the Bible that retell	and the festival of	religious people. They will take time to
	people and what	Christians today. They	to build up		Diwali. Pupils will reflect	
	example these set for	will make links between the description of the	understanding. They use	the key events of holy week and suggest what	on the idea of dharma through two stories	consider the links between ideas of love,
	the actions of Christians	day of Pentecost in Acts	some stories, examine	these mean for	which will sow seeds for	commitment and
	today. Pupils will learn	2, the Holy Spirit and the	some Hindu texts and	Christians today. Later in	examining this concept	promises within the
	about links between the	Kingdom of God. Pupils	consider how deities	the unit, pupils will find	in more depth in Upper	ceremonies that they
	teachings within Bible	will learn how Christians	exemplify qualities of	out about how Christians	Key Stage 2.	study. Pupils will learn
	and what the meaning of	today show their beliefs	Brahman.	today remember,	-,	about several rites of
	Jesus' good news for	about the Holy Spirit in		celebrate and respond to		passage and use their
	Christians is. Later in the	, ,		the events of holy week		knowledge to reflect
	Chinistians is. Later in the			and events of flory week		WITO ANICARE TO LETICET

	unit. They will learn	worship and the way		and Easter. They will		upon whether it is good
	•	that they live their lives.		begin to make links		for everyone to see life
	about the parable of the	and they have then have		between some of these		as a journey, and to
	Good Samaritan and the			events and life in the		mark the milestones.
	importance of charity			world today, suggesting		
	within the lives of many			why some Christians live		
	Christian people.			their lives in the way		
				that they do		
	*note the concept of					
	Gospel in this unit is					
	referring to the life and					
	teaching of Jesus and the					
	meaning for Christians of					
	the 'good news' they					
	believe he brought. This					
	includes but is not					
	limited to the first 4					
	books of the New					
	Testament.					
Year 5	Unit 31 What does it	Unit 32 What does it	Unit 33 Why is the	Unit 34 Creation and	Unit 35 How can	Unit 36 What matters
	mean if Christians	mean to be a Muslim	Torah so important to	science, conflicting or	following God bring	most to Humanists
	believe God is Holy	in Britain today?	Jewish people?	complimentary?	freedom and justice?	and Christians?
	and loving? (God)	(Islam)	(Judaism)	(Creation/Fall)	(People of God)	(Thematic)
	pupils will learn about	pupils will extend their		pupils will find out about	pupils will find out	pupils will think
	what Christians believe	learning about Muslim		the importance of	about the story of the	carefully about actions,
	God is like, exploring key	beliefs about God, the		creation within the 'Big	Exodus, sequencing key	sources of authority,
	texts from the Bible,	Prophet and the Holy	pupils will build	Story' of the Bible. They	events and considering	values, religious and
	using ways of knowing	Qur'an. They will find	on their learning about	will study Genesis 1 and	different interpretations.	non-religious
	that theologians use.	out about Muslim	the Jewish worldview	find out about how	Pupils will make clear	worldviews. They will
	They will study passages	sources of authority and	and way of life. They will	different Christians may	connections between	make links with sources
	from the book of Isaiah	how they guide daily	build on their	interpret this text in	Bible texts studied and	of authority that tell
	and Psalm 103 (Old	living for believers.	understanding that Jews	different ways. Pupils	what Christians believe	people how to be good.
	Testament) and the book	Pupils will learn about	are a diverse group of	will spend time	about how God can help	Pupils will spend time
	of 1 John (New	ibadah and links to the	people by investigating	discussing and weighing	during difficult times and	thinking about the
	Testament) to work out	Five Pillars, festivals, and	Census data and	up whether Genesis 1 is	how they should behave.	similarities and
	some ways the Bible says	places of worship. They	reflecting on the	conflicting or	They will explain ways in	differences between
	that God is both holy	will learn about	different cultural	complementary with	which some Christians	Christian and Humanist
	and loving. Pupils will	submission, obedience,	heritages of British Jews.	what science says. Pupils	put their beliefs into	ideas about being good
	learn how to use key	generosity, self-control	They will investigate the	will also encounter	practice by trying to	and how people live.
	vocabulary such as	and worship; making clear links to how these	centrality of Torah	scientists who are	bring freedom to others.	They will consider what it means to follow a
	'omnipotent, omniscient and eternal' to describe	are lived out in the lives	through examining how a Sefer Torah is	religious and those who are not, and discuss how	Later in the unit, pupils will investigate the ten	moral code; carefully
I	and eternal to describe	are lived out in the lives	a selet forall is	are not, and discuss now	will illvestigate the ten	moral code, carefully

Year 6	the Christian view of God. Pupils will link their learning in this topic to other concepts studied to suggest why Christians believe that God is forgiving and loving, showing the impact that sin can have on the lives of believers. Pupils will be able to explain that for most Christians, getting to know God is like getting to know a person Unit 37 Christians and how to live: what would Jesus do? (Gospel) U2.2, U2.5, U2.7	of Muslims today. Pupils will also spend time finding out about the lived experience of Muslims in Britain today. Unit 38 Why do Christians believe that Jesus was the Messiah? (Incarnation)	constructed, it's place within the synagogue and how different Jews may interpret the Torah in diverse ways. They will consider how interpretation of Torah influences dietary choices. Finally, they will reflect on how Jewish practice is being adapted in the light of current thinking on gender and climate. Unit 39 Why do Hindus want to be good? (Hindus)	they may or may not find science and faith compatible. They will encounter different theological theories that some Christians use to interpret the creation story, suggesting why these may be helpful for believers. By the end of the unit, pupils should understand that whilst some people see science and religion as opposites, others do not. Unit 40 What difference does the resurrection make to Christians? (What do Christians believe	commandments, considering why the People of God were given these and what they mean for believers today. Unit 41 For Christians, what kind of king is Jesus? (Kingdom of God) U2.5, U2.7	Unit 42 Why do some people believe in God and some not? How does faith help people when life gets hard?
				Jesus did to 'save' people?) (Salvation)		(Thematic)
	Know similarities and differences between the four gospels. learn about the context of the gospels and the Christian tradition that Matthew, Mark and Luke wrote using eyewitness accounts to the life and teachings of Jesus whereas John used some different sources and includes long reflections on Jesus' teaching. They will learn about the differences between Jesus' direct teaching and his teaching through parables and other stories that he told. Pupils will talk about the meanings of different	pupils will learn about the concept of 'incarnation' and how it fits within the big story of the Bible. They will study key texts that recount the story of Jesus' birth and the links Christians make to Old Testament prophecies. Pupils will study and discuss selected texts alongside key Christian beliefs, using theological terms. They will consider the idea of Jesus fulfilling the expectations of the Messiah, within Christian tradition, and consider the importance of this for Christians today	pupils will build on their learning about the Hindu worldview and way of life with particular progression from the units on 'What do Hindus believe God is like?' and 'What does it mean to be a Hindu in Britain today?' They will build on their understanding of dharma. Pupils will hear and interpret the story of the man in the well form the Mahabharata. They will investigate the key concepts of Karma, Dharma and samsara and how this might affect how a Hindu	Pupils will study the 'big story' of the Bible, explaining the place of incarnation and salvation. They will study accounts of Jesus' death and resurrection comparing their thoughts with the different ways that Christians may interpret these texts. Pupils will spend time researching the connections between Luke 24 and the Christian concepts of sacrifice, resurrection, salvation, incarnation and hope. They will carefully consider how worship on Good Friday	pupils will find out about parables from the Bible and learn that most Christians believe that Jesus told some parables to share what the Kingdom of God is like and to invite people to join God's kingdom by letting God rule in their hearts. Pupils will learn about different ways that Christians may interpret these texts, exploring how believers put their beliefs into practice in a variety of ways, including through worship and service to the community. Pupils will spend time discussing what the	pupils will build on their understanding of the idea of God from some of the systematic units. They will put this in the context of both global and local beliefs. They will examine the rising number of people who identify as religion and learn to use the terms atheist, agnostic and theist with confidence. They will examine the idea of God using a psychological and theological lens, before offering reasons for why people may choose not to believe or to believe in God

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biblical texts and what		using the example of	vary, thinking about how	parables that Jesus told
they mean for Christian		two charities.	Christians put their	might mean for
today. They will focus o	n		beliefs into practice in	Christians today and
what Christians believe			different ways. Pupils	how they may have an
the 'good news' of Jesu	5		will also make links	impact on how
is, giving examples of th	e		between the	Christians live. Pupils will
example of Jesus'			resurrection and	focus on the parable of
behaviour that Christian	IS		forgiveness. Pupils will	the great banquet and
try to follow. Pupils will			also learn about	the parable of the
also spend time			Christian funerals and	unforgiving servant.
discussing how Christia	n		how these link to the	They will explore how
communities today act			promise of eternal life	some Christians
and how this is based o	n		because of Jesus'	interpret these parables
Jesus' teachings.			sacrifice on the cross.	as saying that people
				need to accept the
				invitation to God's
				Kingdom and should not
				get distracted by the
				temptations of the world
				and that forgiveness and
				mercy is at the heart of
				what it is to live under
				God's rule. Pupils will
				also find out about ways
				in which many Christians
				try to make the world
				more like God's Kingdom
				by challenging unjust
				social structures in their
				local area and around
				the world.

	Vocabulary	
EYFS	Christians, God, creation, Adam, Eve, Bible, parable, precious, Jesus, pearl Incarnation, Christmas, Mary, Joseph, shepherds, angel, star, magi, manger Muslims, Hindus, Christians, baptism, Raksha Badhan, welcome, love, special, Rakhi Salvation, Easter, Hosanna, palm, Good Friday, donkey, Sunday, disciples Pilgrimage, holy, church, Mosque, Imam, Qur'an, vicar Torah, believer, text, storied, Jews	
Year 1	Creation, world, belief, thank, Harvest, Genesis, praise	

	Advent, secular, religious, birth, celebration
	Synagogue, Mezuzah, Shabbat, shema, chanukah, dreidel, star of David
	Forgiving, prodigal, Nineveh, Ioving, Father, parable, Jonah, holy
	Community, Muhammad, Shabbat, Allah, Ichthus, faith, baptism, Agigah, wedding
	World, psalm, stewardship, non-religious, Christian, Jews
Year 2	Christians, Jesus, Matthew, fishermen, disciples, tax collector, peace, forgiveness, Apostles, prayer
rear 2	Shahadah, Zakat, Muslims, Hajj, Islam, Sawm, Salah, Tawid, Ramadan, prophet, Allah
	God, salvation, saviour, resurrection, eternal life, secular, Easter, worship, Good Friday, religious
	Worship, Jewish, Holy, community, Mosque, sacred, Church, Synagogue, place of worship, Shabbat
Year 3	Prophets, Abram, Noah, wedding, old Testament, promise, Abraham, covenant, righteous, Christians
rear 5	Trinity, holy spirit, messiah, John the Baptist, Believer's baptism, Father, Jesus, scripture, infant baptism, denomination
	Muhammad, Allah, fasting, Tawhid, Qur'an, Salah, Ramadan, Sawn, Eid
	Freedom, Torah, Yom Kippur, Orthodox, Pesach, Shabbat, Rosh Hashanah, Shema, progressive, forgiveness
	Creation, catholic, big story, responsibility, sin, steward, interpret, Genesis, Fall, temptation
	Tikkun Olam, Jewish, Christian, Muslim, Zakat, stewardship, salvation, humanist, golden rule
Year 4	Jesus, disciples, follower, clergy, galilee, vicar, parable, Samaritan, gospel, evangelist
	Pentecost, holy spirit, baptized, tongues, acts, trinity, apostles
	Hindu, Brahman, deity, namaste, Shiva, Aum, Atman, Lakshmi, Vishnu, Brahma, Puja, Ramayana, Shrine, Rama,
	Dharma, Mandir, Diwali, Sita
	Salvation, Jerusalem, resurrection, forgiveness, crucifixion, Palm Sunday, sin, Easter, calvary
	Significant, journey, baptism, commitment, marriage, Bar Mitzvah, Bat Mitzvah, ceremony, wedding, sacred thread
Year 5	Holy, omnipresent, omniscient, believer, eternal, loving, omnipotent, Isaiah, John, Testament
	Muslim, Ibadah, submission, Ramadan, Shahadah, Salah, Sawm, Zakah, Hajj, Pilgrimage
	Torah, Sefer Torah, Orthodox, secular, Pesach (Passover), Synagogue, Kosher, Progressive, Krashrut
	Science, Genesis, big bang theory, complementary, creation, literal, creator, conflicting, interpretation, theory
	People of God, children of Israel, freedom, justice, Moses, Exodus, slavery, Egypt, Pharoah, rescue
	Humanist, non-religious, belief, moral, golden rule, humanism, worldview, Christian, values, authority
Year 6	Gospel, theology, Luke, Matthew, Mark, interpretation, leprosy, Christ-like, parables, commandments
	Messiah, incarnation, saviour, Immanuel, Micah, theological, prophecy, prophet, Isaiah
	Dharma, Samsara, reincarnation, Atman, duty, Karma, Moksha, Brahman, Ahimsa, deity
	Salvation, resurrection, interpret, sacrifice, biblical, theological, gospel, eternal life, incarnation, funeral